

Product information

ANCAREZ[®] AR555

Waterborne Epoxy Resin

DESCRIPTION

Ancarez AR555 resin is a waterborne solid epoxy resin dispersion delivered at 55% solids in water. It is designed for use in two-component, ambient-cure epoxy systems. Ancarez AR555 resin delivers superior performance at lower cost when compared to conventional solid resin dispersions. The unique nature of Ancarez AR555 resin allows film formation without high levels of coalescing solvent, which enables the formulation of low-odor, zero-VOC systems.

TYPICAL PROPERTIES

| Property | Value | Unit | Method |
|-------------------------|--------------------|------|---|
| Appearance | Milky white liquid | | |
| Appearance Film | Clear, glossy | | |
| Solids Content | 55 | wt% | |
| Solvent | Water | | (contains no organic solvents) |
| Viscosity @ 25°C | 200 | cPs | Brookfield viscosity, Spindle #3, 12 rpm |
| Flash Point | > 249 | °C | Seta flash, closed cup |
| Specific Gravity @ 25°C | 1.08 | | Specific Gravity, weight per gallon, and EEW reported on as delivered basis |
| Weight per Gallon | 9.1 | | |
| Equivalent Wt/{Epoxy} | 550 | g/eq | |
| Equivalent Wt/{Epoxy} | 1300 | g/eq | * |

* Recommended value for use level calculations. In waterborne systems based on solid epoxy resin dispersions, a 60-90% excess epoxy is recommended for maximum corrosion resistance. When EEW of Ancarez AR555 is assumed 1300, the best overall results are obtained in the range of 0.8:1 to 1.2:1 (epoxy:amine) stoichiometry.

ADVANTAGES

- Zero VOC capability
- Fast dry speed: < 30 minutes
- Excellent universal colorant acceptance
- Early water resistance: 2 hours
- Long pot life: > 3 hours
- High gloss
- Zero induction time
- Low resin viscosity
- Low odor
- Lower cost-in-use
- High Corrosion Resistance



APPLICATIONS

- OEM, industrial maintenance, and transportation coatings
- Anticorrosive primers, mid-coats and topcoats
- Institutional coatings

SHELF LIFE

At least 18 months from the date of manufacture in the original sealed container below 45°C. Store in tightly closed containers away from excessive heat. Do not freeze.

STORAGE AND HANDLING

Refer to the Safety Data Sheet for Ancarez AR555 Resin.

TYPICAL COATING HANDLING PROPERTIES **

| Property | Value | Unit | Method |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|------|--|
| Pot Life | 3+ | h | |
| Volume Solids | 42 | % | |
| Weight Solids | 57 | % | |
| Formulation Viscosity at 25°C | 1100 | cPs | Brookfield viscosity, Spindle #3, 12 rpm |
| Clean-Up | Warm, Soapy Water | | |

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE **

| Property (14-day cure @ 25°C) | Value | Unit | Method |
|-------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|
| 60° Gloss | 90 | | |
| Pencil Hardness | 2H | | |
| ¼ inch Mandrel Bend | 180 | ° | |
| Direct Impact | 40 | in-lb | |
| Reverse Impact | 4 | in-lb | |

** Ancarez AR555 resin formulated with Anquamine 401 curing agent in a high gloss enamel formulation

SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

RESIN CHARACTERISTICS

Ancarez AR555 resin is a unique solid epoxy Dispersion stabilized in water with a nonionic surfactant. It is zero-VOC as supplied, and can be formulated to produce high-performance, zero-VOC, low-odor, two-component epoxy topcoats and ultra-low-VOC two-component epoxy primers for metal and concrete. These coatings exhibit excellent corrosion, weathering and chemical resistance.

Because of its unique nature, Ancarez AR555 resin allows the formulation of waterborne epoxy maintenance primers and topcoats that have the rapid dry characteristics and long pot life of conventional solid waterborne epoxy resin emulsions, without the need for high levels of coalescing solvent typical of these systems. Ancarez AR555 resin formulations accept universal tints readily, providing for easy incorporation of waterbased epoxy coatings into existing product lines.

Evonik offers three waterborne hardeners currently for use in systems based on Ancarez AR555 resin. Those hardeners should be used as follows:

| Hardener | Recommended Applications |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Anquamine® 419 curing agent | Low odor/ Ultra-low VOC metal primers |
| Anquamine® 401 curing agent | Zero-VOC/ Low-odor concrete primers and pigmented metal and concrete topcoats |
| Anquamine® 100 curing agent | Wall and floor coatings and institutional coatings |

FORMULATING GUIDELINES

CURING AGENT SELECTION

Anquamine 401 curing agent is recommended where zero-VOC, high-gloss and gloss retention are required. Anquamine 401 curing agent can be thinned with water to retain zero VOC in the finished formulation.

Anquamine 419 curing agent is recommended for Optimum humidity and corrosion resistance. Anquamine 419 curing Agent can be thinned with a mixture of water and propyleneglycol monomethyl ether.

Anquamine 100 curing agent is recommended when low color, stain resistant (good acid and food stain resistance) are required. It provides long pot life, and offers high yellowing resistance.

Both Anquamine 401 and 419 curing agents can be modified with acetic acid to improve water solubility and to extend pot life. Typical use levels are 0.5-2.0% glacial acetic acid based on curing agent weight. Acetic acid levels should be kept to a minimum to avoid negative impact on water resistance.



STORAGE AND STABILITY

Ancarez AR555 resin should be stored between 35 and 105°F (2 and 41°C) for best package stability. Freeze-thaw stability can be enhanced through the addition of glycol ether solvents such as propyleneglycol monomethyl ether or ethyleneglycol monopropyl ether.

STOICHIOMETRY

Best overall results have been obtained in the range of 0.8:1 to 1.2:1 (epoxy:amine). The best corrosion resistance has been observed at 1:1 stoichiometry or with a slight excess of curing agent.

PIGMENTS/PIGMENT DISPERSION

Ancarez AR555 resin can be readily pigmented through the use of pigment dispersants. Best results have been obtained by preparing a resin-free grind in water utilizing Disperbyk 190 (2.5-3.5% based on pigment weight) and Surfynol® 420 surfactants (0.1-0.2% based on pigment weight). Ancarez AR555 resin is then added during the let down.

When formulating gloss white enamels, good results have been obtained using a variety of titanium dioxides including: Ti-Pure R-706, Tioxide TR-92, Tronox CR-826, Tronox CR-828, Kronos 2102, Kronos 2310 and Tiona RCL-535. Tronox CR-826 in particular, exhibits good yellowing resistance. Ti-Pure R-960 should be avoided due to reduced gloss in enamels made with this product. Typical PVCs are 15-20%. Gloss can be reduced through the addition of 0.25-0.75 pounds per gallon of low oil absorption talc such as Mineral Technology's P 40-27 or LVT 400.

When formulating primers, PVC should be targeted at and no higher than 32% for optimum corrosion and humidity resistance. Extender pigments such as barytes, talc, Wollastonite and ceramic microspheres should be selected for low oil absorption and good packing characteristics. Calcium Carbonate and zinc oxide should be avoided due to possible interactions with the curing agent. Anticorrosive pigments such as Halox SW 111 or SZP 391 have been effective at boosting corrosion resistance. Typical use levels are 0.5-1.0 lb/gal.

TINTING

Tinted coatings exhibit excellent compatibility and color stability throughout the pot life. Colorant dispersions can be added to the curing agent or the epoxy side, or to the mixed paint without exhibiting pigment flooding, floating or color drift during pot life. Systems found to be effective include: Creanova M 888, M 803, COVON and Elementis WD, UL colorants.

RHEOLOGY MODIFIERS

Rheology modifiers should be pre-diluted in water prior to addition to Ancarez AR555 resin. Diluted rheology modifiers should be added slowly with good mixing to avoid agglomeration.

Associative thickeners such as Rheolate 310, Drewthix 6050 and Acrysol RM 8W are effective at increasing sag resistance and storage stability while maintaining good flow and leveling. Associative thickeners can be added to either the epoxy or the curing agent side of the formulation. When adding to Ancarez AR555 resin, the thickener should be pre-diluted in water and added slowly with good mixing. Typical use levels are 0.5- 1.5% based on total formulation weight.



FOAM CONTROL

Surfynol DF 75, an organic based, 100% active silicone free defoamer, has proven effective as both a grind defoamer and an application defoamer. It should be incorporated into the formulation with high shear. A typical use level is 0.25-0.5% based on total formulation weight. Surface cratering associated with Surfynol DF 75 defoamer can be avoided through the addition of Surfynol 420 surfactant at 0.1-0.2% based on total formulation weight.

FLASH RUST PREVENTION

Flash rusting may occur under conditions of high humidity. Flash rust can be eliminated by the addition of a 10% aqueous solution of sodium nitrite (NaNO_2), or equivalent, to the Part B (curing agent) side in the amount of 2 pounds of solution per 100 gallons of paint.

MIXING AND APPLICATION

Thoroughly mix the A and B side components for 1-2 minutes until a uniform consistency is achieved. For high-gloss finishes, no induction time is needed. However, for maximum humidity and corrosion resistance, allow the mixed paint to induct for 15-30 minutes.

For conventional spray, the mixed paint can be reduced to application viscosity with water.

- A maximum wet film thickness of 8 mils is recommended to allow for water evaporation from the paint film.

- Good air flow across freshly painted areas will assist in water evaporation and improve dry speed.

Typical pot life is 3-6 hours. In gloss enamels, end of pot life is signaled by a visible loss of gloss in the dried film. Paint remains fluid beyond the pot life but loses coalescence and should be discarded. Do not mix expired paint with fresh paint.

To help avoid shocking the system, formulated A and B components should be free flowing liquids of similar viscosity.

CLEAN UP

Application tools can be cleaned with warm soap and water.

STARTING POINT FORMULATIONS

ANCAREZ AR555 EPOXY RESIN/ ANQUAMINE 419 CURING AGENT —
TABLE 4: STARTING POINT FORMULATION 4:1 ANTICORROSIVE METAL PRIMER

| Nb. | Part A | Pounds | Gallons |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| 1. | Water | 123.56 | 14.80 |
| 2. | Disperbyk 190 | 13.51 | 1.48 |
| 3. | Surfynol DF75 Defoamer | 4.13 | 0.52 |
| 4. | Surfynol 420 | 4.99 | 0.64 |
| Mix at slow speed, then add: | | | |
| 5. | Red Iron Oxide | 72.40 | 1.68 |
| 6. | Zeeospheres G400 | 62.74 | 3.42 |
| 7. | Sparwite Barytes | 62.74 | 1.71 |
| 8. | Wollastocoat 10ES | 62.74 | 2.59 |
| 9. | Halox SW111 | 96.53 | 4.00 |
| 10. | Mica White 325 | 9.65 | 0.41 |
| High speed disperse to Hegman 6+ Reduce speed then add: | | | |
| 11. | Ancarez AR555 Epoxy Resin | 415.08 | 45.62 |
| 12. | Rheolate 310 (15% in water) | 32.18 | 3.82 |
| | | 955.0 | 80.0 |
| Nb. | Part B | | |
| 1. | Anquamine 419 Curing Agent | 113.43 | 12.52 |
| 2. | Propylene glycol methyl ether | 32.82 | 3.75 |
| 3. | De-ionized Water | 31.08 | 3.72 |
| | | 177.33 | 20.0 |

TABLE 5: FORMULATION ATTRIBUTES

| Property | Value | Unit |
|---------------------|-------------------------|------|
| Weight Solids | 60.53 | % |
| Volume Solids | 46.74 | % |
| PVC | 30 | % |
| VOC | 137 | g/l |
| Resin Stoichiometry | 0.8 : 1 (Epoxy : Amine) | |
| Part A Viscosity | 63 | KU |
| Part B Viscosity | 80 | KU |
| Mix Viscosity | 65 | KU |
| Pot life | > 6 | h |

ANCAREZ AR555 EPOXY RESIN/ ANQUAMINE 401 CURING AGENT —
 TABLE 6: STARTING POINT FORMULATION ULTRA-LOW-VOC 4:1 CLEAR CONCRETE PRIMER

| Part A | Pounds | Gallons |
|--------------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| Ancarez AR555 Epoxy Resin | 655.76 | 72.06 |
| Add at slow speed a premix of: | | |
| Rheolate 310 | 15.48 | 1.75 |
| De-ionized Water | 51.53 | 6.19 |
| | 722.8 | 80.0 |
| Part B | | |
| Anquamine 401 Curing Agent | 108.54 | 11.91 |
| De-ionized Water | 58.99 | 7.08 |
| Surfynol DF-75 Defoamer | 3.87 | 0.49 |
| Surfynol 420 | 3.11 | 0.40 |
| Glacial Acetic Acid | 1.00 | 0.11 |
| Mix at medium speed: | | |
| | 175.5 | 20.0 |

TABLE 7: FORMULATION ATTRIBUTES

| Property | Value | Unit |
|---------------------|--------------------------|------|
| VOC | Trace | g/l |
| Mix Viscosity | 850 | cP |
| Weight Solids | 50.3 | % |
| Volume Solids | 41.8 | % |
| Resin Stoichiometry | 0.90 : 1 (Epoxy : Amine) | |
| Part A Viscosity | 63 | KU |
| Part B Viscosity | 60 | KU |
| Mix Viscosity | 77 | KU |
| Pot life | >3 | h |



ANCAREZ AR555 EPOXY RESIN/ ANQUAMINE 401 CURING AGENT —
 TABLE 8: STARTING POINT FORMULATION ULTRA-LOW-VOC 2:1 HIGH-GLOSS ENAMEL

| Part A | Pounds | Gallons |
|--|--------------|-------------|
| Ancarez AR555 Epoxy Resin | 546.50 | 60.05 |
| Add at slow speed a premix of: | | |
| Rheolate 310 | 12.90 | 1.46 |
| De-ionized Water | 42.94 | 5.15 |
| | 602.3 | 66.7 |
| Part B | | |
| De-ionized Water | 62.15 | 7.46 |
| Surfynol DF-75 Defoamer | 4.01 | 0.51 |
| Anquamine 401 Curing Agent | 64.29 | 7.06 |
| Glacial Acetic Acid | 0.86 | 0.10 |
| Mix until curing agent is incorporated, then add: | | |
| TiPure R-706 Titanium Dioxide | 230.03 | 6.90 |
| Grind to Hegman 7+, then add: | | |
| De-ionized Water | 47.43 | 5.70 |
| Anquamine 401 Curing Agent | 26.35 | 2.89 |
| Surfynol 420 | 2.75 | 0.35 |
| Mix for 15 min. at slow speed, then add at slow speed a premix of: | | |
| De-ionized Water | 15.35 | 1.84 |
| Rheolate 310 | 4.61 | 0.52 |
| | 457.8 | 33.3 |

TABLE 9: FORMULATION ATTRIBUTES

| Property | Value | Unit |
|---------------------|--------------------------|------|
| VOC | Trace | g/l |
| Mix Viscosity | 1100 | cP |
| Weight Solids | 57.2 | % |
| Volume Solids | 41.9 | % |
| PVC | 16.5 | % |
| Resin Stoichiometry | 0.93 : 1 (Epoxy : Amine) | |
| Part A Viscosity | 64 | KU |
| Part B Viscosity | 81 | KU |
| Mix Viscosity | 83 | KU |
| Pot life | > 3 | h |
| 60° Gloss | 101.8 | |



ANCAREZ AR555 EPOXY RESIN/ ANQUAMINE 100 CURATIVE —
 TABLE 10: CLEAR COAT FORMULATION

| Part A | Pounds | Gallons |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| Ancarez AR555 Epoxy Resin | 606.57 | 66.67 |
| Part B | | |
| Anquamine 100 curative | 265.37 | 30.28 |
| De-ionized Water | 23.05 | 2.76 |
| Surfynol DF 110D | 2.43 | 0.29 |
| Total B | 290.85 | 33.33 |
| Total A + B | 897.42 | 100.0 |

TABLE 11: FORMULATION ATTRIBUTES

| Property | Value | Unit |
|------------------------|-------|-------|
| Pencil Hardness | H | |
| 60° Gloss | 90 | |
| Impact | | |
| Gardner Impact Direct | 36 | in/lb |
| Gardner Impact Reverse | 20 | in/lb |
| Dry Time | | |
| Set to touch | 20 | min |
| Dry to touch | 1¾ | h |
| Hard dry | 6 | h |



ANCAREZ AR555 EPOXY RESIN/ ANQUAMINE 100 CURATIVE —
 TABLE 12: WHITE GLOSS ENAMEL FORMULATION

| Part A | Pounds | Gallons |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| Ancarez AR555 Epoxy Resin | 413.63 | 45.05 |
| Acrysol RM8W | 41.36 | 4.96 |
| Part B | | |
| Anquamine 100 curative | 144.77 | 16.52 |
| De-ionized Water | 188.20 | 22.55 |
| Disperbyk 190 | 10.34 | 1.17 |
| Surfynol DF110 | 4.14 | 0.50 |
| TiO ₂ – R960 | 289.54 | 8.89 |
| Surfynol 420 | 3.1 | 0.37 |
| | 640.09 | 50.00 |

TABLE 13: FORMULATION ATTRIBUTES

| Property | Value | Unit |
|------------------------|-------|-------|
| Pencil Hardness | 2H | |
| 60° Gloss | 63 | |
| Impact | | |
| Gardner Impact Direct | 12 | in/lb |
| Gardner Impact Reverse | 100 | in/lb |
| Dry Time | | |
| Set to touch | ¼ | h |
| Dry to touch | ¾ | h |
| Hard dry | 4 | h |



MAINCOTE AE-58/ ANCAREZ AR555 RESIN —
 TABLE 14: STARTING POINT FORMULATION ACRYLIC-EPOXY CLEAR COAT

| Acrylic Component A | Parts by Weight |
|---|-----------------|
| Add the following in the order listed and mix thoroughly: | |
| Methyl Carbitol | 5.7 |
| Maincote AE-58 | 72.0 |
| NH ₄ OH (28% NH ₃) | 0.5 |
| Ektasolve EEH | 7.0 |
| Patcote 550 | 0.3 |
| Acrysol RM-1020 | 1.2 |
| Acrysol RM-8 | 0.2 |
| Sodium Nitrite (15% aqueous solution) | 1.3 |
| TOTAL ACRYLIC COMPONENT A | 88.2 |
| Acrylic Component B | |
| Ancarez AR555 (Evonik) | 11.8 |
| TOTAL ACRYLIC / EPOXY TOPCOAT | 100.0 |



MAINCOTE AE-58/ ANCAREZ AR555 —
 TABLE 15: STARTING POINT FORMULATION ACRYLIC-EPOXY TOPCOAT

| Acrylic Component A | Pounds | Gallons |
|---|----------------|--------------|
| Grind the following materials using a high speed dissolve for 20 minutes: | | |
| Methyl Carbitol | 39.34 | 4.56 |
| Tamol 165 | 13.99 | 1.59 |
| NH.OH (28% NH ₃) | 1.01 | 0.12 |
| Triton CF-10 | 1.62 | 0.19 |
| Patcote 519 | 0.41 | 0.06 |
| TiPure R-900 | 196.39 | 5.74 |
| Add the following and continue to grind for 2-3 minutes at lower speed: | | |
| Water | 20.18 | 2.42 |
| Total Grind | 272.94 | 14.69 |
| Letdown Preparation | | |
| Add the following in the order listed and mix thoroughly: | | |
| Maincote AE-58 | 499.85 | 58.05 |
| Water | 59.31 | 7.10 |
| NH.OH (28% NH ₃) | 2.43 | 0.29 |
| Grind (from above) | 272.94 | 14.60 |
| Ektasolve EEH | 48.87 | 6.59 |
| Patcote 531 | 2.03 | 0.28 |
| Water | 14.40 | 1.73 |
| Acrysol RM-1020 | 8.11 | 0.91 |
| Acrysol RM-8 | 1.22 | 0.14 |
| Sodium Nitrite (15% aqueous solution) | 8.92 | 1.07 |
| Total Acrylic Component A | 918.08 | 90.86 |
| Epoxy Component B | | |
| Ancarez AR555 | 83.14 | 9.14 |
| Total Acrylic-Epoxy Topcoat | 1000.91 | 100.0 |

MAINCOTE AE-58/ ANCAREZ AR555 —
 TABLE 16: ACRYLIC-EPOXY TOPCOAT COATING TEST RESULTS

| Test | 1/2 h induction — 21-Day Cure | Clear | Topcoat |
|---------------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| Substrate | Cold Rolled Steel, Zinc Phosphate, B952 | | |
| Primer | None | | |
| Color | | Clear | White |
| | Pot Life/Gel Time (h) | >12 | >12 |
| | Thickness (mil) | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Drying Time (h) | Set-to-Touch | 0.25 | 0.25 |
| | Tack-Free | 0.50 | 0.50 |
| | Dry-Hard | 1.00 | 0.80 |
| | Dry-Through | 3.75 | 3.00 |
| Film Appearance | Gloss (20°) | 67.3 | 33.8 |
| | Gloss (60°) | 96.6 | 77.3 |
| | Gloss (85°) | 96.2 | 93.2 |
| Adhesion | Dry Scrape (kg) | >10.5 kg | >10.5 kg |
| | Wet Scrape (kg) (24 h/21°C) | 3 kg | 2 kg |
| Immersion | Water Immersion (24 h/21°C) | Pass | Pass |
| | MEK Immersion (r/21°C) | Fail | Soft-Edge Lift |
| Solvent Resistance | MEK Double Rubs | Pass 200 Slight mar | Pass 200 Slight mar |
| Spot Tests | 5% sol. Hydrochloric Acid | No Effect | No Effect |
| 4-h Exposure | 5% sol. Sodium Hydroxide | No Effect | No Effect |
| 4-h Recovery | 5% sol. Sulfuric Acid | No Effect | No Effect |
| | 5% sol. Nitric Acid | No Effect | No Effect |
| | Chlorox | No Effect | No Effect |
| | Mustard | No Effect | No Effect |
| | Ketchup | No Effect | No Effect |
| Impact | Gardner Impact (in/lb) Direct | 12 | 96 |
| | Gardner Impact (in/lb) Reverse | 4 | 60 |
| Flexibility | Mandrel Bend | 1/8" | 1/8" |
| Hardness | Pencil | HB | 2H |
| | Persoz | 179 | 165 |

TABLE 17: RESIN, PIGMENT AND ADDITIVE SUPPLIERS

| Product | Supplier |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| Acrysol RM-8 | Dow Chemical |
| Ancarez AR555 | Evonik |
| Anquamine® 401 | Evonik |
| Anquamine 419 | Evonik |
| Colortrend 800-series Colorants | Colortrend |
| Disperbyk 190 | BYK Chemie |
| Drewthix 6050 | Ashland |
| Elementis WD, UL | Elementis |
| Glacial Acetic Acid | Hoechst Celanese |
| Halox SW 111 | Halox Pigments |
| Mica 325 | KMG |
| P 40-27 Talc | Barett's Minerals Inc. |
| Red Iron Oxide | Elementis Pigments |
| Rheolate 310 | Elementis |
| Sparwite Barytes | Mountain Minerals |
| Surfynol® Surfactants | Evonik |
| TiPure R-706 Titanium Dioxide | DuPont |
| TR-92 Titanium Dioxide | Huntsman |
| Wollastocoat 10ES | Nexeo |
| Zeeospheres 400 | 3M Company |



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